The Status of Teesdaliopsis and Teesdalia (Brassicaceae)

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ABSTRACT. The genus Teesdaliopsis is reduced to fruits is rare in the Brassicaceae. The differences synonymy of Teesdalia. The new combination Tees-

between these two genera are so minor that Tees-

dalia conferta is proposed. A key to the three species of Teesdalia is provided.

The genus Teesdalia (2 spp.) is one of about ten genera of the Brassicaceae that have zygomorphic flowers (Rollins, 1963). It is apparently closely related to Iberis (von Hayek, 1911; Schulz, 1936). Based on *Iberis conferta* Lagasca, Willkomm (1880) described the monotypic section Teesdaliopsis, which was elevated to generic rank by Rothmaler (1940). According to Rothmaler, Teesdaliopsis was said to be closely related to Teesdalia but clearly differed by having 1-seeded instead of 2-seeded locules. However, Ball et al. (1993) showed that the seed number is unreliable and that only the annual vs. perennial habit can be used to separate Teesdalia and Teesdaliopsis, respectively. A critical comparison of the three species of these genera is shown in Table 1. Teesdalia and Teesdaliopsis are distinguished, respectively, by the annual vs. perennial habit and two vs. one ovule per locule. On the other hand, both Teesdalia nudicaulis and Teesdaliopsis conferta share zygomorphic flowers, and all three species share appendaged filaments and winged fruits that are extremely similar. The combination of zygomorphic flowers, appendaged filaments, and winged

daliopsis is best placed within Teesdalia. The three species of Teesdalia are separated as follows:

- la. Plants perennial, ovules 1 per locule T. conferta (Lagasca) O. Appel 1b. Plants annual, ovules 2 per locule. 2a. Basal leaf lobes obtuse, flowers zygomorphic, petals longer than sepals, stamens 6 T. nudicaulis (L.) R. Brown 2b. Basal leaf lobes acute or leaves entire, flowers actinomorphic, petals not exceeding sestamens pals, usually 4 ... T. coronopifolia (J. P. Bergeret) Thellung
- 1. Teesdalia conferta (Lagasca) O. Appel, comb. nov. Basionym: Iberis conferta Lagasca, Varied. Cienc. 2(22): 213. 1805. TYPE: no collection data (holotype, MA?).

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A comparison of Teesdalia nudicaulis, T. coronopifolia, and Teesdaliopsis conferta. Table 1.

Teesdalia nudicaulis

Teesdalia coronopifolia

Teesdaliopsis conferta

Habit	annual	annual	perennial
Basal leaves	pinnatifid	pinnatifid to entire	entire
Apex of basal leaves	obtuse	acute	acute
Stem leaves	present or lacking	present or lacking	lacking
Trichomes	present or lacking	present or lacking	lacking
Petal length	longer than sepals	as long as sepals	longer than sepals
Petal size	unequal	± equal	unequal
Stamen number	6	usually 4	6
Filaments	appendaged	appendaged	appendaged
Ovules per locule	2	2	1
Stigma	entire	entire	entire
Style	obsolete	lacking	obsolete
Seeds per locule	1 or 2	1 or 2	1

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